# POZNAN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY



Course name

EUROPEAN CREDIT TRANSFER AND ACCUMULATION SYSTEM (ECTS)

## **COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS**

Course Field of study Computing		Year/Semester 1/1	
Area of study (specialization)		Profile of study general academic	2
Level of study first-cycle		Course offered in Polish	
Form of study part-time		Requirements compulsory	
Number of hours			
Lecture 20	Laboratory classe 0	es	Other (e.g. online) 0
Tutorials 20	Projects/seminars 0	6	
Number of credit points 6,00			
Coordinators		Lecturers	
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#### **Prerequisites**

Basic mathematical knowledge from secondary school. Student is able to meet the challenges arising from the high school. Student has a ability to think logically. Student is aware of the need to expand their competences. He understands the need for learning.

#### **Course objective**

Basic knowledge in differential calculus, among others theory of functions of several variables, integral calculus, infinite series and power series, which is necessary to study informatics and engineering sciences.

#### **Course-related learning outcomes**

#### Knowledge:

1. The student knows the concepts of limit of the sequence and the function, continuity of the function, derivative and it applications, convergence or divergence of the series.

2. The student knows the concept of integrals and knows methods of calculation and applications.

3. The student has knowledge of partial derivatives, to be able calculate extrema for functions of two variables.

4. The student has knowledge of Taylor and Maclaurin series.

Skills:

1. The student can define functions and he is able to describe their properties. He can evaluate limits of sequences and functions. Moreover, the student can apply theorems and methods of calculus in optimization problems. He is able to find the extrema and analyse of functions in order to construct the graph of them.

2. The student can calculate indefinite, definite and improper integrals, measures of areas, the length of curves, volumes and surface areas of solids of revolution.

3. Student is able to determine convergence or divergence of series.

4. Student is able find a power series representation of the function and determine it convergence.

Social competences:

1. Student is aware of the level of their knowledge in relation to research in exact and technical sciences.

2. Student is aware of the deepening and expansion of knowledge to solve newly created technical problems.

### Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Formative assessment:

- based on answers to questions related to subjects covered during former lectures and based on assessment of progress of implementation of assigned tasks,

Total assessment:

1. Lecture: assessment of knowledge and skills demonstrated in the written exam. The exam is assessed in a point system. The condition of passing the exam is obtaining at least 50% of points.

2. Tutorials: two written assignments carried out under the teacher"s supervision and constant assessment during tutorials of oral tasks. The condition of receiving a positive grade from tutorials is obtaining at least 50% of points. Additional points can be obtained for activity during classes.

## Programme content

- 1. FUNCTIONS AND THEIR PROPORTIES
- 2. SEQUENCES
- 3. LIMITS AND CONTINUITY OF FUNCTIONS
- 4. DERIVATIVE OF FUNCTION
- 5. INDEFINITE INTEGRALS
- 6. DEFINITE AND IMPROPER INTEGRALS
- 7. INFINITE SERIES AND POWER SERIES
- 8. FUNCTIONS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES

#### **Course topics**

Lecture:

- **1. FUNCTIONS AND THEIR PROPORTIES**
- definition of function, domain and range of function, graph of function

• bounded function, increasing and decreasing functions, periodic function, even and odd functions, function composition

- surjection, injection, inverse function
- natural logarithm, cyclometric functions, hyperbolic function, area functions
- 2. SEQUENCES
- definition of sequence
- bounded sequence, monotone sequence
- limit of sequence (including Euler's number), convergent and divergent sequences
- theorems on limits (including arithmetic rule, the squeeze theorem)
- 3. LIMITS AND CONTINUITY OF FUNCTIONS
- definitions of limits
- properties of limits, theorems on limits (including arithmetic rule, the squeeze theorem)
- indeterminate forms

- continuous functions and their properties (including Weierstrass theorem and Darboux's theorem)
- discontinuous functions
- 4. DERIVATIVE OF FUNCTION

• definition of derivative, geometric interpretation of derivative, right and left-hand derivatives, theorems of derivatives, properties and rules for funding derivatives

- tangent and normal lines,
- increments and differentials
- higher order derivatives
- L'Hospital's rule
- horizontal and vertical asymptotes
- ekstrema of functions
- the first derivative test
- concavity and the secound derivative test
- applications of extrema

5. INDEFINITE INTEGRALS

• antiderivative of function, properties of integration (including integration by parts, change of variable)

• integration of rational function, method of partial fractions

• trigonometric substitutions, integration of some irrational functions

6. DEFINITE AND IMPROPER INTEGRALS

• definition of definite integral, Riemann sum, geometric interpretation of definite integral, fundamental theorem of integral calculus

• properties of the definite integral (including integration by parts, change of variable)

• applications of the definite integral (including area, volume and surface area of solids of revolution, length of curve)

• improper integrals (integrals with infinite limits of integration, integrals with discontinuous integrands)

7. IINFINITE SERIES AND POWER SERIES

• definition of infinite series, sum of the series, necessary condition for convergence, convergent or divegent infinite series

- convergence tests (integral test, comparison test, alternating series test, ratio test, root test)
- absolute and conditional convergence
- power series representations of functions
- Taylor and Maclaurin series and applications
- 8. FUNCTIONS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES
- domain and range, graph
- limits
- partial derivatives
- increments and differentials
- extrema of functions of two variables

Tutorials:

- 1. FUNCTIONS AND THEIR PROPORTIES
- domain and range of function, graph of function

• bounded function, increasing and decreasing functions, periodic function, even and odd functions,

- function composition
- inverse function
- natural logarithm, cyclometric functions, hyperbolic function, area functions

2. SEQUENCES

- bounded sequence, monotone sequence
- limit of sequence (including Euler's number), convergent and divergent sequences
- theorems of sequences (including arithmetic rule, the squeeze theorem)
- 3. LIMITS AND CONTINUITY OF FUNCTIONS
- definitions of limits
- properties of limits (including arithmetic rule, the squeeze theorem)
- indeterminate forms
- continuous functions and their properties
- 4. DERIVATIVE OF FUNCTION
- theorems of derivatives, properties and rules for funding derivatives
- tangent and normal lines,
- increments and differentials
- higher order derivatives

- L'Hospital's rule
- horizontal and vertical asymptotes
- ekstrema of functions
- the first derivative test
- concavity and the secound derivative test
- 5. INDEFINITE INTEGRALS
- antiderivative of function, properties of integration (including integration by parts, change of variable)
- integration of rational function, method of partial fractions
- 6. DEFINITE AND IMPROPER INTEGRALS
- fundamental theorem of integral calculus
- properties of the definite integral (including integration by parts, change of variable)

• applications of the definite integral (including area, volume and surface area of solids of revolution, length of curve)

• improper integrals (integrals with infinite limits of integration, integrals with discontinuous integrands)

- 7. INFINITE SERIES
- sum of the series, necessary condition for convergence, convergent or divegent infinite series
- convergence tests (integral test, alternating series test, ratio test, root test)
- absolute and conditional convergence
- 8. FUNCTIONS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES
- domain and range, graph
- partial derivatives
- increments and differentials
- extrema of functions of two variables

### **Teaching methods**

1. Lecture: mulimedia presentation accompanied with examples presented on the blackboard and with questions to the group of students

2. Tutorials: solving problems on the board, initiating discassion about the solutions

## Bibliography

Basic

1. M. Gewert, Z. Skoczylas, Analiza Matematyczna 1 i 2, Definicje, twierdzenia i wzory, Oficyna Wydawnicza GiS, Wrocław 2019.

2. W. Krysicki, L. Włodarski, Analiza matematyczna w zadaniach cz. I i II, Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN, Warszawa 2015.

3. M. Gewert, Z. Skoczylas, Analiza Matematyczna 1 i 2, Przykłady i zadania, Oficyna Wydawnicza GiS, Wrocław 2018.

4. W. Żakowski, G. Decewicz, Matematyka cz. I, Analiza matematyczna, WNT, Warszawa 2017.

5. W. Żakowski, W. Kołodziej, Matematyka cz. II, Analiza matematyczna, WNT, Warszawa 2017. Additional

1. H. J. Musielakowie, Analiza matematyczna tom 1 i 2, Wydawnictwo Naukowe UAM, Poznań 1993.

### Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	150	6,00
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	42	2,00
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for laboratory classes/ tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project preparation)	108	4,00